

WHY RECORDS MANAGEMENT?

The Revised Code of Washington (RCW) is the compilation of all permanent laws now in force in Washington State.

Title 40, Chapter 14 of the RCW:

Defines a record

Establishes authority for records retention and destruction Requires a Records
Management
program at all state
agencies

THE DEFINITION OF A RECORD

RCW 40.14.010

Preservation and Destruction of Public Records

"As used in this chapter, the term "public records" shall include any paper, correspondence, completed form, bound record book, photograph, film, sound recording, map drawing, machine-readable material, compact disc meeting current industry ISO specifications, or other document, regardless of physical form or characteristics, and including such copies thereof, that have been made by or received by any agency of the state of Washington in connection with the transaction of public business."

All recorded information at the university, created or received, regardless of format.

It doesn't matter:

- Who created it
- How it was created
- Where it is kept
- Who owns the storage device

1. Retention

2. Preservation & Production

AN ENDURING OBLIGATION

RCW 40.14 again:

"All public records shall be and remain the property of the state of Washington. They shall be delivered by outgoing officials and employees to their successors and shall be preserved, stored, transferred, destroyed or disposed of, and otherwise managed, only in accordance with the provisions of this chapter."

THERE ARE ONLY 24 HOURS IN A DAY

New hires should sit down with either their supervisor or departmental records officer to go over:

- 1. Basic records management requirements
- 2. The various types of records and where they live
- 3. The importance of organization

1. BASIC RECORDS MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

As a state agency, the UW and its employees are required to practice records management.

Any recorded information, regardless of medium or format, is a record.

All records are the property of the state of Washington.

Records must be **retained**according to the
applicable <u>university</u> and
<u>departmental</u> records
retention schedules.

Throughout their retention period, records must remain both accessible and readable.

Once the retention period has ended, records should disposed of appropriately.

2. RECORDS AND THEIR REPOSITORIES

There are almost as many places to put records as there are types of records themselves!



MAKING SOME (NOT SO) TOUGH DECISIONS



- Just because you CAN doesn't mean you <u>SHOULD</u>
- Decide which repositories you're going to use and for what types of records – be explicit and document it
- Security vs Access
- How easy is it to search, find, and manage records?

SET SOME GROUND RULES

- Just say no to information silos
- Printing is not the answer
- Scanning might not be either
- Who "owns" the repository?
- BYOD

NETWORK SHARES

Everybody's got (at least) one

It often becomes a swirling

black hole



A handful of folders containing the records you use every day

Then there's the other 80% of the folders that you have no idea what's in them, who uses them, or what they're for

Some other folders filled with odds and ends

Somewhere you know there's a folder with some mildly-outdated training materials directory, just in case... though you only looked in it once... the week after you started... eight years ago!

A SHARED BURDEN

In many cases:

• Everyone creates folders as they choose

No one deletes anything

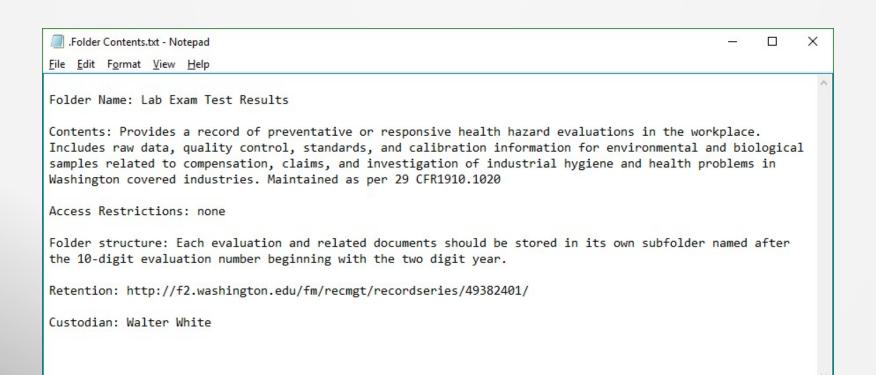
Cleanup is a rare event

• If you're lucky, there's pizza in the conference room.

A PROBLEM SHARED IS A PROBLEM HALVED!

- Use shared folders
- Assign a custodian
- Document the plan
- Agree on folder/file names

FOR POSTERITY



3. THE IMPORTANCE OF ORGANIZATION

A commonly used metric among records managers is, "Can you find the record you're looking for in less than 30 seconds?"

If you can answer "yes" more often than not, you're off to a good start!

But now ask yourself,

"How long would it take for **someone else** to find that record if I wasn't around to ask?"

Is the answer still less than 30 seconds?

ORGANIZATIONAL EXCELLENCE

Filing structures and naming conventions

- How will someone look for it?
- How will someone get rid of it?
- Think about alphabetization
- Think about performing a search
- Eliminate redundancy
- Eliminate ambiguity
- Don't overdo it!



In records management, the "cut-off" is the trigger that starts the clock on the retention period.

THINKING OUTSIDE THE BOXES

- TPS Reports
 - 2015-11.pdf
 - 2015-12.pdf
 - 2016-01.pdf
 - 2016-02.pdf

- Budgets
 - 01-2345
 - FY2015
 - FY2016
 - 67-8910
 - FY2015
 - FY2016

- Permits
 - Current
 - **123456**
 - 234567
 - Expired
 - **2015**
 - 345678
 - **456789**
 - 2016
 - 567890
 - 678910

- Claims
 - Brown closed 2015
 - Davis
 - Garcia closed 2016
 - Johnson
 - Jones closed 2015
 - Miller
 - Smith
 - Wilson closed 2016

BELABORING THE 'POINT



- Nearly anything I've said about shared drives is equally applicable to SharePoint
- One additional bonus,
 AUTOMATED RETENTION

If you're interested, please contact our office. We're happy to do an on-site consult.

ISSUES WITH EMAIL

- Single owner
- Duplication of records
- Difficult to share
- Retention as an afterthought
- It encourages us to save EVERYTHING indefinitely



THE RIGHT TOOL FOR THE JOB

Example: You email your boss with a request; your boss replies giving you approval.



- Email makes more sense than paper or some other method
- The record <u>only</u> exists within email
- There's a business need to retain
- It's unlikely to need review by anyone else for the life of the record
- Easy to file, retain, delete
- No desire to keep it longer than necessary

IT'S A LITTLE KNOWN FACT



- Like in SharePoint, you can assign retention periods in Outlook to automate retention.
- http://f2.washington.edu/fm/recmgt/ OutlookRetention
- And just like with SharePoint, if you're interested, please contact our office.
 We're happy to do an on-site consult.

SPENDING A LITTLE TO SAVE A LOT

- Reduced clutter in the workspace (physical and electronic)
- Less time spent looking for records
- Easier to manage public records requests, litigation discovery, audits
- Fewer "re-sends" of emails
- Make clean-up days faster and easier
- Faster on-boarding of new employees
- Easier for employees transitioning out



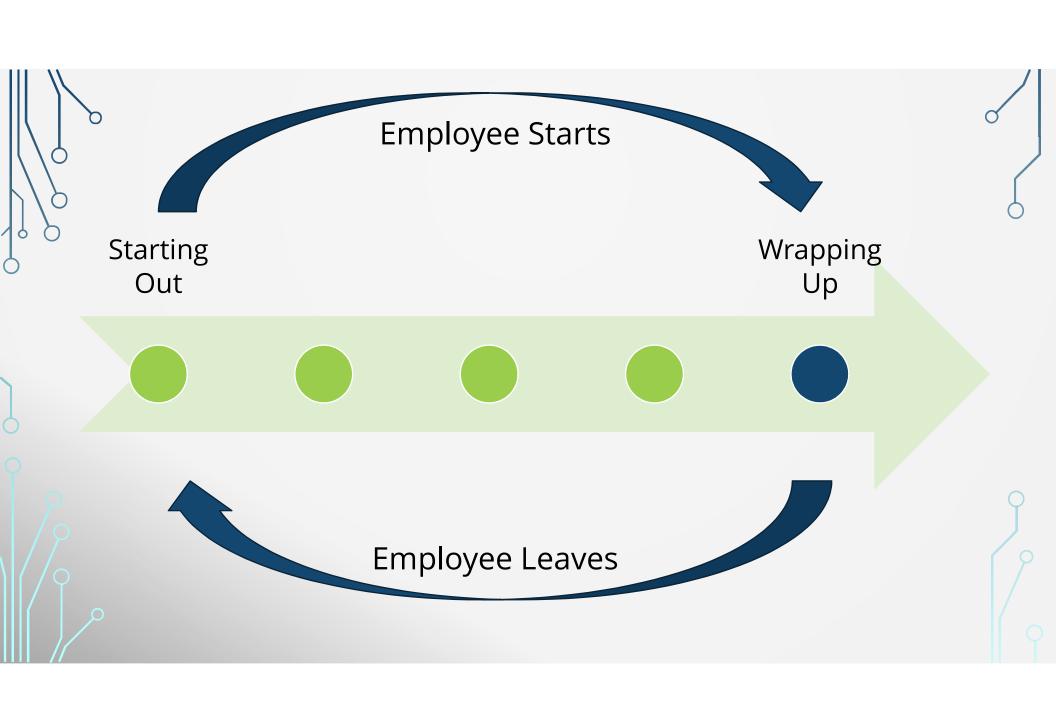
QUESTIONS?

We're always here to answer any questions you have about records – just click, email, or call. And we're happy to come out to meet with your group in person!

Records Management Services

http://f2.washington.edu/fm/recmgt/

Barbara Benson	bbenson@uw.edu	543-7950
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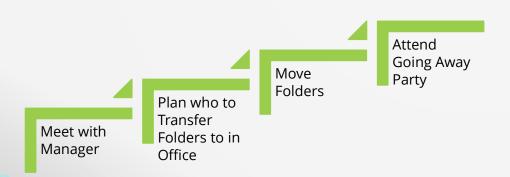






IT IS YOUR CHOICE

SET YOURSELF UP FOR SUCCESS



OR STRESS





A WORD ABOUT ATTACHMENTS AND DRAFTS

Attachments

Email is typically NOT the record that needs to be retained

The attachment is the record with the retention VALUE

Save the attachment to a shared drive or SharePoint. Delete the email.

Drafts

Can be deleted as soon as administrative need has been met.

Typically once the next version has been created.

Helps with version control confusion as well.

IDENTIFYING RECORDS WITH LASTING BUSINESS VALUE

- ? Is it an "official" document originating from your office...
 - documenting a university or office policy or procedure?
 - documenting a university or office mission or program?
 - documenting a university or office action or decision?
 - requiring approval or signature?
- ? Is it external correspondence sent or received by virtue of your office's role within the university?
- ? Does it document your office spending (or being reimbursed by) university funds?
- ? Have you ever been asked to gather and produce these records for any reason in the past?

QUICK DELETES

Emails which have no long term value and can be deleted as soon as your need has been met.

See UW General Schedule: Materials That May Be Disposed of Without A Specific Retention Period



Leaving?

Meets the criteria of "reference purpose served".

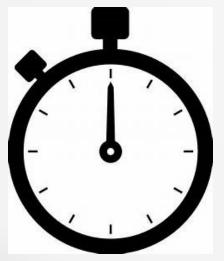


QUICK DELETES

- Wind Meeting set-up/accept requests

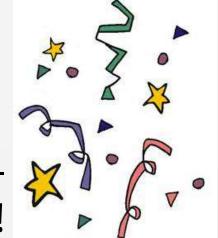
- MAnnouncements, reservations, confirmations, itineraries, form letter thank you notes
- **W**Acknowledgements
- **₩**Duplicates
- WAuto Generated Notifications

FOLDERS ARE EASY...WHAT ABOUT THAT INBOX?



Set a timer for 20 minutes and go to town!

Timer goes off – CELEBRATE!





Quick Deletes

Key Search Terms

What is Your Function?

People

Topic

Department

TACKLE ONE SUBJECT AT A TIME

Pick a Search Term

Rinse and

Repeat

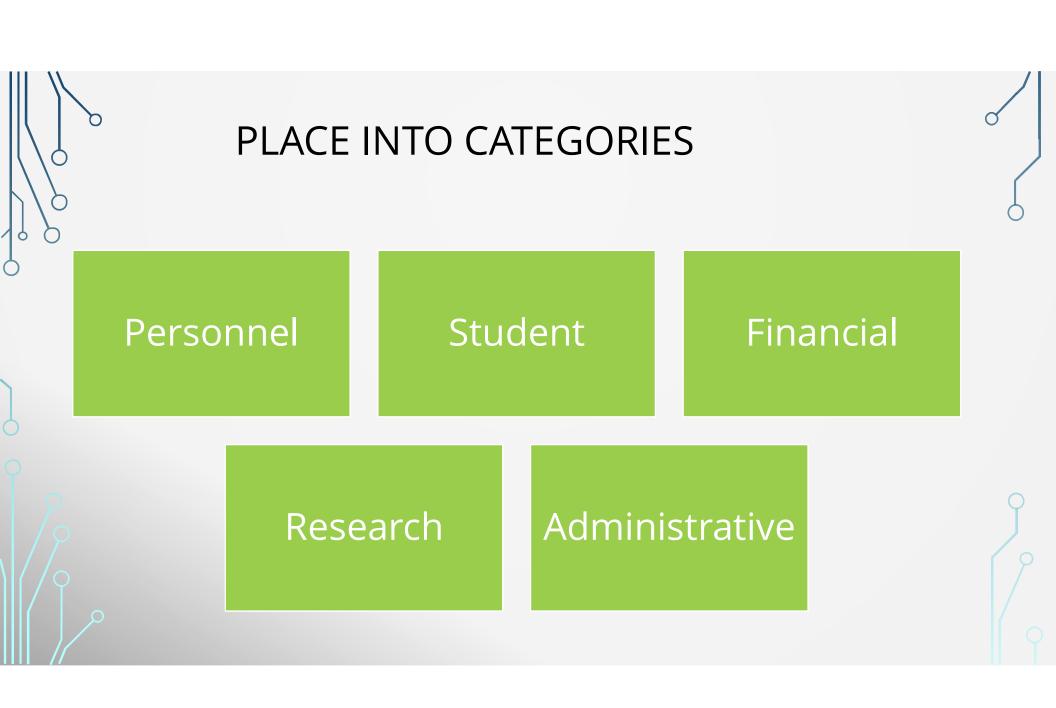
Create a Folder

1

Apply Retention

Move Search Into Folder

Delete or Transfer



ONE STOP: RECORDS MANAGEMENT WEBSITE

Records Management

> Retention Schedules

General Records Retention Schedule

Personnel and Payroll Records

http://f2.washington.edu/fm/recmgt/

• http://f2.washington.edu/fm/recmgt/retentionschedules

http://f2.washington.edu/fm/recmgt/gs

http://f2.washington.edu/fm/recmgt/gs/personnel



A SPECIFIC EXAMPLE: PERSONNEL RECORD

http://f2.washington.edu/fm/recmgt/gs/personnel?title=P

Personnel Records

Official Copy: Human Resources Operations

Retention: 50 years after termination of employment

Disposition Method: Shred or Delete

Official Copy: Academic Human Resources

Retention: 50 years after termination of employment -- basic biographical

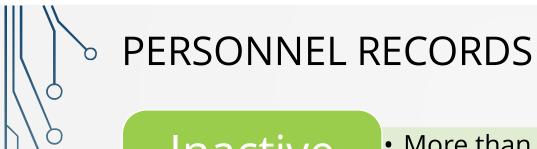
information will be retained by the Archives

Disposition Method: Shred or Delete

Other Copy: College/School or Department

Retention 3 years after termination of employment with department

Disposition Method: Shred or Delete





- More than 3 years
- Delete



Inactive (Termed)

- Less than 3 years
- Transfer to ???



Active

- Still employed in department
- Transfer to ???



PERSONNEL COMPLAINT FILES

Complaint Exonerated (Non-UCIRO)

Keep 3 years after File Closed Complair (Non-UCIRO)

Keep 6 years after File Closed Complaint Files (UCIRO)

Keep 3 years after File Closed

Risk Management keeps longer



Interviewed and Hired

- Becomes the beginning of Personnel Record
- Transfer to ???



- More than 3 Years since position filled
- Delete



- Position filled less than 3 years ago
- Transfer to ???







PERSONNEL/PAYROLL

Record Type	Retention	Transfer	Delete
Personnel Records	3 Years after Termination from Department	If left Department 3 year or less	If left Department more than 3 years ago
Hiring Records-Not Hired	3 Years after Position Filled	Position filled less than 3 Years ago	Position Filled more than 3 years ago Hired records
Faculty Search Committee—Faculty and Chairs	6 Years after End of Search	Less than 6 years since Search closed	becomes part of Personnel File Greater than 6 years since Search Closed
Faculty Search Committee—Deans and Directors	10 Years after End of Search	Less than 10 years since Dean/Director Search Transfer to Arch (do not delete)	Greater than 10 years since Dean/Director Search

PERSONNEL/PAYROLL CONTINUED

Record Type	Retention	Transfer	Delete
Grievance Records	3 years after Case Resolved/Withdrawn	Case Resolved /Withdrawn less than 3 Years ago	If Case Resolved /Withdrawn more than 3 years ago Labor Relations retains records
Personnel Complaint Records-Non UCIRO	6 Years after File Closed	File Closed less than 6 Years ago	for 6 years File Closed more than 6 Years ago
Personnel Complaint Records- Exonerated -Non UCIRO	3 Years after File Closed	File Closed less than 3 Years ago	File Closed more than 3 Years ago
Personnel Complaint Records-UCIRO	3 Years after File Closed		File Closed more than 3 retains or 6 years



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